

HARRIS.
One-Price, Square-Dealing,
CLOTHIER,
ST. LOUIS BLOCK,
MAIN STREET.

It is not often you can hear of a dealer in the Ready Made article of Clothing issue a Challenge to the Custom Tailors to equal with their work the class of goods he is selling, but here is an occasion where you can see it.

Take a stroll about our city, examine the Suits you see your friends have worked a month to pay for; look at the specimens displayed at the tailor shops, and then come down to our store; and if we can't discount them in STYLE, in FIT, in APPEARANCE, in TEXTURE, and in PRICE, we will acknowledge the corn, cancel our advertising contracts and retire from business.

You foolish men! who have been paying \$50, \$60 and \$70 for a Suit of Clothes, come and see what we are offering for anywhere from \$22 to \$35, and we will guarantee you will regret your reckless Waste of Wealth, and hereafter buy your Clothing from us.

MILLER HATS.
But another point that will interest you is our cut on

FALL OVERCOATS,
the Finest at \$18. Take your pick for \$18! Those Silk Lined, Wide Wales, formerly \$30, now \$18. Those Beautiful Kerseys sold for \$25, now \$18. Those Silk Faced Diagonals, worth \$28, now \$18. There ain't many of them, so to be sure of securing your choice come soon before they are all gone.

STYLISH NECKWEAR.
To our numerous Lady Patrons, we would say: Our Department of Clothing for Boys and Children is more worthy of their attention than ever. Complete in every detail, lines numerous and varied, we feel that we have outdone all former efforts in the display we make this year.

The nobby little Jersey Suits are the admiration of all that see them, while the Plush Trimmed Overcoats—size 4 to 10—have induced purchases from ladies which had never before failed to send east when anything was needed for the little fellows. Fully 1,000 pairs of odd pairs for the "little shavers," and Flannel Waists from \$1 upwards.

MILLER HATS.

HARRIS
The One-Price Clothier,
ST. LOUIS BLOCK,
MAIN STREET.

THE MERCHANTS NEEDS.

The National Board of Trade Favors River Improvements and a Naval Reserve.

The Torrey Bill Endorsed and Its Adoption Urged Upon Congress.

Henry Watterson Speaks on the General State of the Country, Particularly of the South.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 17.—At the second day's session of the National Board of Trade to-day resolutions were adopted in substance as follows: That our rivers and harbors should be improved and maintained by the general government; that congress grant no charter for a bridge over navigable streams, unless it imply sufficient in width and height; that congress should organize a naval reserve force, and that congress be asked to foster the merchant marine by every legitimate means, especially to South America. The Torrey bankrupt bill was endorsed, and a memorial adopted reciting its virtues and recommending it to congress for enactment. A resolution was passed requesting the Pan-American congress to take action for the establishment of a unit of coinage common to all American people. The meeting closed to-night with a grand banquet and address by Henry Watterson, who spoke on the general state of the country.

In concluding his address Mr. Watterson referred to the El Dorado, the new south, at length. Speaking of the richness of the fields to be opened up there, he added: "But what is the value of all this, if we have not order and law, regulated by an intelligent and responsible government? How shall it profit you or us, or anybody, if it be not brought under the spell of that wizard's wand which we call civilization, and to whom shall this wand be committed? To the Anglo-Saxon, with centuries of enlightened freedom behind him, or to the African, just emerged from slavery?"

"No one can comprehend the meaning of this great menace to the prosperity of the south, who has not been there, who does not live there; nor is it possible for it to be treated with wisdom by any other than local agencies. Cannot the thinking people of the north imagine, if they are unable to see this, can they not feel that they may trust the intelligence, the humanity, the Christianity of the south, and the testimony of a few truly responsible northern men, who have gone south to deal with the disease which outside pressure has always aggravated and will always aggravate? I struggled earnestly and long to establish the black man and his rights under the constitution and its amendments, but I am filled with no vain illusions, born of sympathy and ignorance. I am blind to some of the dangers that lurk amid the shadows of this great cross which for some mysterious purpose, I know not what, has been put upon the south, but which, I do know, the south alone can break, as the south alone has borne it."

THE MARITIME CONFERENCE.

The Preliminary Changes Being Arranged for a Busy Session.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The International Marine conference convened this morning. After preliminaries the conference began the consideration of the rules to be followed in the navigation of all public and private vessels of the United States upon the high seas and in all the coast waters of the United States, except within the harbors of lakes and the inland waters of the United States, as a basis for the proposed international rules.

The discussion to-day was based upon the revised international rules and the regulations for preventing collisions at sea, contained in a circular issued by the United States treasury department in Sept. 1887. This was adopted at the suggestion of the American delegates as a basis for action, because it was in convenient shape and afforded a good starting point. The votes upon suggestions or propositions of change are seldom taken, for the reason that after the regulations shall have been thoroughly discussed they will be put into shape for adoption by the committee appointed for that purpose, and who will be guided in their work by the expressions of the conference.

An Argument for New York.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The Temps, in a resume of the financial results of the exposition, says before its close the number of people who will have visited the great show will reach 25,000,000 or more. Referring to the proposed World's Fair in America in 1892, Temps says it is by no means as certain as it seemed a month ago that the Americans will select New York for the location of their exposition, as Chicago is making strenuous efforts to secure it. Commenting on the availability of Chicago as compared with New York, Temps says: "We wonder how many Chicagoans who crossed the ocean to visit the exposition of the first city of France would take the same trouble if the show had been held in Lyons, our second city of importance."

Pettigrew and Moody.

PETREE, S. D., Oct. 17.—Both branches of the legislature yesterday voted separately for United States senators. In the house R. F. Pettigrew received 108 votes, S. Moody 108, Bartlett Tripp 14, H. M. Day 14. In the senate Pettigrew and Moody 41, Tripp and Day 4.

A resolution was passed asking congress to make an appropriation for boring artesian wells.

The legislature met in joint session at noon and proceeded to canvass the vote for United States senators. They declared Moody and Pettigrew the senators, with rousing cheers. The body then adjourned to meet in January. Edgerton's friends to-day commenced an active canvass for his appointment to the United States judgeship and secured the endorsements of all the members of the legislature. Senator Moody, Judge Edgerton, the state officers and members left this afternoon for Sioux Falls, where an immense celebration will occur.

A Hundred Families are Starving.

QUEBEC, Oct. 17.—A messenger from Bishop Bosse, of Labrador coast, has arrived here with the news that the fisheries have altogether failed at Esquimaux Point, and over a hundred families are starving.

THE EPISCOPALIANS.

Proposed Changes in the Prayer Book Adopted by the Layman.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—In the Episcopal convention to-day the report of the special committee to which the memorial of the colored clergymen was referred was read, a majority and minority report being presented. Dr. Philip Brooks, who presented the minority report, said, in speaking of the church: "She knows nothing of the color of a man's skin." The reports were made a special order for Friday. The committee on constitutional amendments reported that they were of the opinion the general convention have power to grant a presbyter or deacon the right of appeal. The recommendation of the committee for the insertion in article six of the words "including such court of appeals as such diocese may deem expedient," was placed on the calendar. The house of bishops this afternoon non-concurred in the tentative use of the hymnal for the ensuing three years.

At the Protestant Episcopal convention this morning a resolution providing for a joint committee to prepare a standard prayer book in 1892 was adopted. After the adoption of various reports providing for minor changes in the phraseology of sermons, the house went into committee of the whole on liturgical revision.

Several amendments were considered and adopted. The discussion on the proposed adoption of a change in the prayer book, which has been passed by the bishops, but was not contained in any report, created a great deal of confusion, but the matter was voted down. The question of the adoption of the last prayer in the book was then brought up. Several speeches were made on this, and in the course of the debate Mr. Handing, a lay member from Missouri, objected to any more revision. The only person, he said, who will be benefited by the revision are the book sellers. Dr. Huntington closed the debate, and the amendments proposed by the committee were adopted.

PACKING A JURY.

The Crown Trying to Secure Protestants to Try a Case.

DUBLIN, Oct. 17.—The trial of Father McFadden and others, for participating in the murder of Police Inspector Martin at Glencore, began to-day at Maryborough. If the crown attorney succeeds in his evident purpose to obtain a jury of twelve protestants, it will not be without many uneasy disturbances. So violent were the protests to-day at the action of the crown in dismissing every Catholic venire man, that the proceedings had to be suspended, pending the arrival of a large force of police. Two jurors were accepted by both sides, but told to stand down when the prosecution was informed they were Catholics. They refused to leave and had to be ejected by force. In the struggle that ensued several hot-headed members of McFadden's flock took part and for a time it looked as though a riot would result. A large force of police is on the way to Maryborough from Dublin.

He Was a Day Late.

MISSOULA, Oct. 17.—[Special.]—John R. Higgins, cashier of the Higgins bank, and son of the late Capt. C. P. Higgins, arrived at home this morning. He was found by the searching party and told of the death of his father. Hoping to arrive in time for the funeral he rode horseback over a rough mountain road a distance of fifty-four miles in four hours. The scene at his home was heartrending when he learned his father was buried the day before.

Fred Douglas's Mission.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—It is reported the minister to Hayti, Fred Douglas, is commissioned by Blaine to try and convince the powers in Hayti and San Domingo that while maintaining their autonomy to put themselves under the protectorate of the United States; furthermore Minister Palmer is to see what he can do at Madrid in a quiet way to secure the severance of Spain's relations with Cuba.

Mr. Newin Has a Position.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—It is semi-officially announced that W. H. Newin, late vice-president of the Missouri Pacific, has been appointed second vice-president of the Chicago & Northwestern, taking effect November 1. As the office of traffic manager will be abolished with the retirement of Mr. S. W. Wicker, Newin will have charge of the traffic of the system.

Smash-up on the Northern.

CONCORD, Oct. 17.—This morning the Montreal express over the Northern railroad, drawn by two locomotives, ran into the rear of a freight train near West Canaan, causing a bad smash-up. The officials refuse to give any particulars. They state that none of the trainmen were injured and the only injury to the passengers consists of slight bruises and scratches.

Will Not Recognize Mataafa.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—The North German Gazette says it is not unlikely Germany will refuse to recognize Mataafa as king of Samoa; that it must be assumed the other powers, parties to the Samoa treaty, have similarly expressed themselves, because at the conference recently held at Berlin all the representatives agreed that Mataafa should be king.

Theologians in Session.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—The tenth annual convention of the American inter-seminary alliance began here to-day. The alliance is composed of theological students of every Protestant denomination, except the Episcopalians and has for its aim the union of all these denominations in home and foreign missionary work.

Want the Government to Co-operate.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The Mexican board of commissioners of foreign missions this morning passed a resolution calling on the president of the United States to get congress to take such action that the United States should co-operate with Germany and Great Britain in trying to abolish slavery in eastern Africa.

THE HUNT FOR BRIBERS.

The Chicago Grand Jury Leaving No Stone Unturned to Secure the Guilty Men.

Employees of Alexander Sullivan Under Fire, but Released After Examination.

A Number of Indictments Returned—No Jurors Secured in the Cronin Case Yesterday.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Great excitement prevailed about the grand jury room this morning. Witnesses came and went and officers were dispatched here and there rapidly, and appearances indicated that something important was in progress. The first witness was a man named Kelly. When he came out he refused to talk to the reporters. Henry Stoltenberg, the stenographer in Windes & Sullivan's office, was in for half an hour, and when he came out rushed off in a great hurry to find Mr. Windes. After he had disappeared that gentleman made his way into the court house and was examined by the grand jury. When he came out of the room he said to the reporters he had not told the grand jury much, chiefly because he did not know anything, they wished to hear. He had come around in the interest of Stoltenberg.

At 1 o'clock the grand jury came into court and handed in twelve indictments, eleven of which were on jail cases and the twelfth a joint bill against Mark Solomon, John Graham, Thomas Cavanaugh, Fred Smith, Jeremiah O'Donnell, Alexander L. Hanks and Joseph Keenan. All these men were already under indictment for conspiracy to bribe jurymen. After Mr. Windes left the grand jury he asked States Attorney Longenecker for an order to see Stoltenberg. The states-attorney wrote something on a card and Mr. Windes went to his office, where a policeman on guard refused to let him in. The attorney went away, but returned shortly with an application for a writ of habeas corpus, asking for Stoltenberg's release. The matter was set for hearing at 4 o'clock, but as in the meantime Stoltenberg had been released, the application was withdrawn.

Stoltenberg refused to answer any questions put to him before the grand jury until he could see an attorney. He declared he was unlawfully restrained of his liberty and that he could give no testimony under duress.

No new jurors were obtained to-day in the Cronin trial and four places remain yet to be filled. The defense still has eight preemptory challenges and the state thirty-three.

According to the News the omnibus indictment returned this afternoon was a useless proceeding, except on the theory that the persons against whom it was brought, all of whom were already under indictment, have been made the subject of some new charge. The district attorney reported a declining to allow the new indictment to be seen, and this is taken by the news as an indication that a new charge has been made against the alleged jury fixers. It is suggested that the accused are to be put in the same boat with the Cronin suspects, as accessories after the fact. All those indicted were again arrested, except Basil Solomon, who is supposed to have confessed. Graham secured bail, but the others are kept in confinement. The News explains the proceedings regarding Stoltenberg by stating that Otto Erickson and Wm. Dahl had informed the state's attorney of a mysterious correspondence which Stoltenberg had conducted in July through Dahl. Letters had been received by Stoltenberg from Toronto, enclosed in envelopes mailed for Dahl. The efforts last night in the state's attorney's office to make Stoltenberg disclose what he knew about the letters proved fruitless.

THE GRAND ENCAMPMENT.

Final Session of the Odd Fellows at Great Falls Yesterday.

GREAT FALLS, Oct. 17.—[Special.]—The Grand Encampment of Montana met in sixth regular session to-day. The following Grand officers and representatives were present: Grand patriarch, J. W. Miller, Occidental; grand senior warden, D. McKillop, Summit; grand scribe, A. J. White, Summit; grand treasurer, J. J. York, Crusader; grand representatives, Rocky Mountain, P. S. Washburn and R. H. Beckwith; Golden Star, Ben Pizer; Crusader, J. B. Conlter; Summit, G. Pasco, R. Campana and F. Miller; Missoula, Frank P. Kerns; Rising Sun, Lars Anderson; Schuyler Colfax, J. C. Berg; Little Horn, S. Lynch; Laurel, C. T. W. Criss; Crescent, Jno. T. Atney; Vansant, J. J. Hennessey. The reports showed satisfactory progress. July 1, 1888, the membership was 349; on July 1, 1889, it was 411. The encampment concluded the annual meeting of the Odd Fellows, and most of the members of the grand lodge left for home to-day.

Indians Killing Game.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The interior department has been reliably informed the reservation Indians are far from their southern in southwestern Colorado, and are wantonly killing vast numbers of deer for their hides only, contrary to the laws of the state, and serious trouble is feared. Indian Agent Bartholomew has been instructed to see that the depredations be immediately stopped; that the Indians confine their hunting to the territory where they have the right to go for that purpose, and kill no game not necessary to supply their needs.

Sold to Their Rivals.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 17.—President G. W. Stackley, of the Brush Electric Light company, confirms the report that the plant and business of the Brush people have been sold to the Thompson-Houston company, of New York, on a basis of \$3,000,000.

Foreclosing a Railroad.

DES MOINES, Oct. 17.—Judge Shiras of the United States court, has signed a decree of foreclosure against the St. Louis, Des Moines & Northern railroad in favor of the Mercantile Trust Co. of New York on a total claim of \$487,000.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Gen. John F. Hartnaff, of Pennsylvania, died yesterday.

FLYERS IN THE EAST.

Oregon Wins a Race at Elizabeth—On the Latonia Track.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 17.—Conditions favorable. Sweepstakes, one and one-sixteenth of a mile—Longstreet won, Cracksman second, Reporter third. Time 1:32 3/4.

Sweepstakes, three-fourths of a mile—Gregory won, Filly second, Mamie B third. Time 1:18.

Sweepstakes, three-fourths of a mile—Oregon won, Arab second, Eleven teird. Time 1:34.

Handicap sweepstakes, one and three-sixteenths of a mile—Barrister won, Burnside second, Theodosios third. Time 2:07 1/4.

Sweepstakes, five and one-half furlongs—Meriden won, Swift second, Egmont third. Time 1:10.

The Latonia Races.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17.—Attendance large, track good.

Maiden 3-year-olds and upwards, three-fourths of a mile—Chandler won, Gov. Ross second, Maud H. third. Time 1:18.

Three-year-olds and upwards, seven furlongs—Amos A. won, Pritchett second, Moeckie H. third. Time 1:30 1/4.

Three-year-olds and upwards, nine furlongs—Famine won, Brandollette second, Prince Fortunatus third. Time 1:56 1/4.

Edgewater handicap, for 2-year-olds, three-fourths of a mile—Experience won, Bobkins second, Mt. Lebanon third. Time 1:16 1/4.

Races at Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Oct. 17.—Attendance large, track fast.

Class 2:27—Cad Wade first, Brazelet second, Marquis third, Jennie B fourth. Best time 2:22 3/4.

Match between yearlings—Stamina won, Administer second. Best time 2:44 1/4.

Free-for-all—Jack won, Harry Wilkes second, Junement third. Best time 2:15.

Class 2:11—Gold Leaf first, Bermuda second, Lottie W third, Almost third. Best time 2:15.

Fought Forty-Five Rounds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—In a fight to a finish at the rooms of the Golden Gate Athletic club last night, William Hennessey, of Kansas City, was knocked out in the forty-fifth round by Charles Turner, of Stockton.

In Alger's State.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 17.—The Pan-American arrived here this morning, and after breakfast boarded steam yachts for a trip up the Detroit river.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Oct. 17.—The All American excursion arrived this afternoon. The city was decorated and thousands of town and country people lined the hillsides and roads. The visitors were given a tremendously enthusiastic reception by the 2,500 students of Michigan University, which institution they inspected. After reception exercises the delegates attended a dinner at the residence of President Angell, and to-night left for Grand Rapids.

JUDGE LYNCH VERY BUSY.

Three Hangings in the South Without the Aid of a Court.

COLUMBIA, TENN., Oct. 17.—A negro, name unknown, under arrest for striking another man, was taken from an officer yesterday by the man's friends and strung up, but cut down before death and taken away. The officers have been searching for him all night, but it is believed he has been lynched.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 17.—W. R. Hildebrand was arrested at Birmingham last night for rape. A lynching party was organized but the officers escaped with the prisoner to Clay county. The lynchers followed and the officers again eluded them and are now with the prisoner.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 17.—Robert Herrier (white), who last week murdered his mother-in-law at Lexington, N. C., was taken from jail there by a mob and lynched.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 17.—James Hickey was lynched in Chilton county yesterday for murder.

Will Arrest the Rioters.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17.—United States District Attorney Thomas C. Hayes, acting under orders from the secretary of the navy, sailed this afternoon on the revenue cutter Ewing for the month of the Chesapeake to arrest the 104 colored Nassau rioters who will arrive on the brig Alice and Romance at the capes to-night or to-morrow.

Proposed Barb Wire Combine.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Representatives of the firms engaged in the barbed wire industry were in secret conference to-day at the Le Land hotel with a view, it is understood, of forming a trust. It is not yet known whether or not Washburn and Moen are parties to the movement.

The Engineers' Session.

DENVER, Oct. 17.—The convention of Locomotive Engineers met in secret session this morning. The entire day was taken up considering the report of the committee on credentials and other routine business, preparatory to the regular work of the convention.

Three Train Hands Killed.

EL PASO, TEX., Oct. 17.—A freight train was wrecked by a washout on the Texas Pacific sixty miles east of here. Engineer Bible, Fireman Jones and Brakeman Mansfield were killed.

Paolo May be the Man.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—It is reported that Harrison has decided to appoint ex-Pension Agent Paolo, of Syracuse, N. Y., pension commissioner to succeed Tanner.

Window is Still Considering.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Secretary Windom has not rendered a decision on the lead ore question. He still has the matter under consideration.

Hypolite the Choice.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A cable to the Maritime exchange announces that Hypolite has been unanimously elected president of Hayti. Ninety-one votes were cast.

THE VILLARD PLAN GOES.

The Northern Pacific to Issue Five Per Cent. Bonds for One Hundred and Sixty Millions.

The Whole Amount of New Stock Due Preferred Holders to be Soon Distributed.

A Majority of the Stock Voted By Villard—Important Changes in the Board of Directors.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The Northern Pacific preferred stockholders held a meeting to-day. Chairman Harris presided. The only other directors present were Henry Villard, C. L. Colby and Brayton Ives. A large number of Wall street men and holders of stock were present. The only business before the meeting was voting on what is known as the Villard plan. It authorizes the issue of \$160,000,000 new 5 per cent bonds, payable one hundred years hence. The voting on the plan began at 10:30, and it soon became apparent that the Villard party would win. Johnston Livingston offered the following resolution, which was adopted, and which is in direct sympathy with the circular issued September 21, 1889, by Chairman Harris. The resolution was seconded, much to everybody's surprise, by Henry Villard. The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That the holders of the preferred stock represented here suggest to the incoming board of directors to take into consideration the distribution of the whole amount due the preferred stockholders as soon as the company should be in proper position to do so.

Not a negative vote was received. Just before noon James B. Williams announced the financial plan had been carried, but owing to duplicate proxies having been deposited, he could not announce the exact result. An adjournment was therefore taken until Monday.

Henry Villard voted a majority of the stock. Robert Harris, president of the company for many years, and who last year acted as chairman of the board of directors, was dropped from the directory, and so are Brayton Ives, J. C. Bullitt, Fred Billings and John H. Brookman. The new directors are George Morrison, James Haggis, C. H. Leland, Charles C. Beaman and J. B. Williams. A slender minority of stock was voted by Robert Harris in favor of re-electing the old board.

NORTHERN PACIFIC LANDS.

The Policy of the Land Office to be a Waiting one.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Land Commissioner Groff has received a letter from the general counsel of the Northern Pacific asking that the company's lists of indemnity selections along that part of the line of the road which was not completed within the time named by the granting act be certified to the secretary of the interior for approval. The secretary has informed the counsel of the policy of his office in the matter, and that pending action by congress looking to a forfeiture of the grant, thus leaving the lands encumbered thereby to disposal under the general land laws, no action will be taken in cases where the same would be adverse to the settlers.

SIXTY THOUSAND BOY TRAMPS.

The Army Which is Said to be Traveling in the United States.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—In an address before the Boys and Girls National Home association to-day, Alexandra Hogeland, president of the association, made the startling statement that there are 60,000 boy tramps in America. He advocated the establishment of a registration system, by which boy tramps might be found out and sent to farmers, who were willing to employ them.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Admiral Porter left Jamestown yesterday for Washington in improved health.

An epidemic of typhoid fever prevails at Grandin, N. D., and great alarm is felt.

E. E. Kimball, United States district attorney for the western district of Missouri, died yesterday.

Last night Paul McBride, of St. Louis, the son of a leading lawyer, shot and killed Frank Loftus, an ex-fireman, in a saloon row.

The German anarchists Kemp, of Wurtemberg, Schmid, of Baden, and Puschel, of Hamburg, have been expelled from Switzerland.

Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, is now in Paris. Fearing attempts may be made upon his life he is guarded by French and Bulgarian detectives.

It is said that Boulanger will go from Jersey to Brussels and then to Geneva and, suddenly entering France, demand a new trial.

Geo. B. Squires, special agent of the general land office, has been dismissed. Squires was formerly private secretary to Pension Commissioner Tanner.

At Carville, Ohio, last night, Chas. Hendenreich, aged 30, shot his wife dead and then suicided. The tragedy was the outcome of a domestic quarrel.

A. B. Campbell, of Arkansas, contradicts emphatically the dispatch from Topeka to the effect that he has been offered the position of consul general at Melbourne.

Gen. A. B. Campbell, one of the prominent candidates for the pension commission, has been tendered the position of consul at Melbourne, Australia. He will accept.

The contract for the construction of an Indian industrial school building at Carson City, Nev., has been awarded to Charles H. Peters, of Carson City. The contract price is \$22,000.

The reception of Gov. Hill at the Piedmont, Ga., exposition yesterday was only equalled by that given President Cleveland two years ago. A hundred thousand people were on the grounds.

Among the passengers yesterday for Liverpool were Rev. Dr. Charles Kelly, of Detroit, treasurer of the Irish National League, and his copatriot, Col. John Atkinson. They deny they have been called to consult with Parnell, as has been stated.